



Reno Evening Gazette

Published every evening except Sunday

ALLEN C. BRAGG, Proprietor

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION:
Daily, one year (by mail) \$5.00
Weekly, one year (by mail) 2.00
Daily, delivered by carrier to any part of
city, per week .25
RATES OF ADVERTISING:
Daily, one square for one month \$2.50
Weekly, one square for one month 1.25
The above rates include both legal and
commercial work.

Thursday, December 20, 1888

Subscribers who do not receive the GAZETTE promptly will confer a favor by letting this office know at the earliest possible moment. All papers are carefully done up in wrappers, plainly marked, and mailed regularly.

THE DAILY GAZETTE and WEEKLY GAZETTE and STOCKMAN hereby notify all delinquent subscribers that if they do not pay up by the 15th of January that their paper will be discontinued.

MULHALL, the statistician, who makes assertions that no one is able to contradict, and, therefore, everyone accepts, declares that "every day that the sun rises on the American people it sees an addition of \$2,500,000 to the accumulation of wealth in the United States, which is equal to one-third of the daily accumulation of all mankind outside of the United States." It is encouraging for Americans to know that such is the case; but the individual naturally desires to see something himself of that daily increase.

ENGLAND, notwithstanding the kicking given to Lord Lionel Sackville West, still believes with Cleveland that the protection given to American workmen by the tariff is an awfully wicked and presumptuous business. England stands ready and willing to furnish Americans everything they need, and yet Republicans persist in preferring a home market and having workmen paid bigger wages than England can give.

Shall we give typhoid fever and other kindred diseases full swing in our beautiful town, or shall we make some show of checking these ravages by living up to the sanitary laws, by connecting with the sewers and cleaning up the filth and pestilence - breeding rubbish? Whose duty is it to see that the law is enforced.

THERE appears to be a boom of gush this season in Boston. The New York Press says, with a show of asperity: "Laura Jean Libbey has received about a hundred letters from Boston, praising two of her trashy novels. It would seem as though the Boston literary movement had moved out."

A Hot mud-throwing geyser has been discovered in Dakota. If the fountain is guaranteed to last for four years and the Democrats can secure a lease of it for that term, little further opposition will be made by them to the admission of the big Territory into the Union.

GENERAL J. B. WEAVER, the Iowa Greenback apostle whose principles have been quoted in the political market at varying figures for some years past, declares that he is "out of politics forever." That is really too bad—for General Weaver.

SOCIAL bugs are bursting into bloom with great eclat in all the great centers of fashion this season. The flowers that bloom in the spring have little interest for society.

Minnesota, a State which the Democratic National Committee thought might be carried for Cleveland, gave Harrison a plurality of 38,107.

Dan Lamont's baby has been named Francis Folsom Cleveland.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Bar silver, 92 7-16.

A disorderly scene occurred in the French Senate to-day, over an attempt to renew a motion which had previously been withdrawn.

A New York bank which held drafts aggregating \$30,000 against the San Francisco bank which failed yesterday, has attached all property of that institution in New York State.

Suffering in Canada.

QUEBEC, Dec. 20.—The most serious consequences of the storm are felt in the back country villages. Their crops have been bad, and they are hemmed in by the snow, many families suffering for want of the actual necessities of life. The farmers are killing their stock. Cardinal Taschereau and the Premier have been arrested, and they held a conference with the Cabinet last evening and decided to ask the Government to send immediate aid to the sufferers.

BATTLE AT SUAKIM.

Haggin Pays \$30,000 for a Horse.

A FATAL RAILROAD WRECK.

A Reckon in San Francisco Elects Phelps.

CONGRESSIONAL AFFAIRS.

Call of Florida Wants High Tariff on Tropical Fruits.

THE REBELS ROUTED.

SUAKIM, Dec. 20.—The combined force of British and Egyptians made an attack to-day upon the rebel position. They stormed the redoubts and trenches, and, after a brilliant engagement, lasting half an hour, drove the enemy into the bushes. The rebels are reported to have lost a thousand killed. The British loss is slight. The British encamped in the rebel position—the victory was complete.

LATER—The British lost four killed and two wounded during a gallant cavalry charge. The Egyptian and black regiments charged the trenches and carried them brilliantly, losing two killed and thirty wounded. The only officers wounded in the attacking force were two Egyptians. The rebel loss is now stated at 400.

Before dawn this morning, the British man-of-war Starling and an Egyptian steamer moved up the coast, with orders to cover the rebels at Mandouh. At daybreak the forts opened fire upon the rebel trenches and the troops advanced to the attack, a black brigade on the right flank, cavalry and mounted infantry covering the Scottish borders and Welch regiments, and an Egyptian brigade occupied the embankment between the forts. The British infantry was held in reserve. The forts shelled the trenches, keeping up terrific firing. The enemy held their ground with intense courage, until the black brigade charged the trenches, which fell after a half-hour's hard fighting. The rebels fought with fanatical bravery. Two of the enemy's guns were captured. The naval brigade did splendid work. The Scottish borders are now at work entrenching the rebel position, and the enemy is retreating toward Hasheen and Tammar. The British force numbers 4,000.

LONDON, Dec. 20.—An official dispatch from General Grenfell, dated Suakim, 11:25 A. M., says: The enemies' loss is 400. The Hussars are still pursuing the Arabs, the trenches are nearly filled, and two temporary redoubts are being built, and the joint forces are entrenched and they will bivouac on the field to-night, the naval detachment with machine guns remaining in the trenches. I have sent the man-of-war Starling, and all available steamers, to anchor off Handoub in order to prevent a force from Handoub coming upon us. During the action the Dervishes were severely punished. We expect to have a quiet night.

SUAKIM, Dec. 20.—The Hussars who followed the fleeing Arabs have returned. They chased the enemy to within four miles of Handoub and the enemy was still fleeing.

Some Healthy Suggestions.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 20.—The members of the Congressional Committee on Pauper Immigration are arranging the preliminaries for an investigation here to-morrow. Congressman Ford says the immigration laws are persistently violated. The committee will recommend the following remedies: That the work of inspection be taken out of the hands of the States and put under federal control; that foreigners be examined on the other side before they board the ships, either by our Consuls or inspectors appointed for the purposes; that steamship companies be furnished with blanks, on which shall be printed certain questions which applicants for passage shall be compelled to answer. These blanks to be examined on this side before landing, and if it is found that perjury has been committed, the person will be prosecuted. If the steamship companies do not comply with these conditions, and prohibited immigrants are found on their vessels, they will be compelled to take them back free of charge.

To be Investigated.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 19.—Presiding Judge Finn of the Superior Court delivered his charge to the Grand Jury to-day, and called special attention to the commission of frauds in certain precincts of the city in the canvass and return of votes cast at the recent election, as developed in the recount of the Mayoralty vote now in progress.

Fruits of a Recount.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 19.—As the recount for Congressional purposes in the Fifth District much interest is manifested. Phelps, the Republican candidate, is gaining steadily, and there seems to be no doubt that he is elected over Clunie (Dem.) by at least 100 votes.

Fatal Wreck.

HOUSTON, Texas, Dec. 20.—A construction train on the Arkansas Pass road was wrecked yesterday, three men being instantly killed and four seriously hurt.

Congressional.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—Morrill offered an amendment to the House holiday resolution, providing for a recess from December 21st to January 2d. Agreed to.

The House amendments to the Direct Tax bill were concurred in. It was ordered unanimously that the voting on the Tariff bill shall begin at 1 P. M., January 21st, after which there will be no further debate.

Gibson offered a resolution, which was ordered printed, for the appointment of a select committee of thirteen Senators to inquire into the state of suffrage throughout the United States, and especially to investigate the election of State officers at the State elections, held in November, in Rhode Island and Louisiana, and the Presidential election in New York and Indiana.

The resolution is very broad in its scope, and permits an investigation into all sorts of unlawful and irregular practices, including conspiracies, trades combinations, intimidations, corrupt use of money for the purchase of votes or voters, false registering, false voting, stuffing ballot-boxes, and bribery.

The Tariff bill was then taken up, beginning with the schedule relating to tobacco and cigars. Amendments increasing the duty on unenumerated and unmanufactured tobacco from 25 cents per pound to 40 cents, and reducing the duty on cigars and cigarettes from \$3.50 per pound to \$2.50 and 25 percent, ad valorem, were rejected and the schedule completed. Schedule G, relating to provisions, etc., was taken up.

An amendment changing the rate on horses and mules from \$20 per head to 20 percent, was rejected.

Vest ridiculed the tax of 45 cents per head on hogs, and said it was to please the farmers, so that they would consent to an increased duty on manufactured goods, that no hogs would be imported without a tax.

No further amendment was offered down to paragraph 254, relating to the extract of meat, taxing it 25 cents per pound.

No amendments were offered to the first paragraphs—226 and 227.

An amendment making the rate 20 percent, was rejected, yeas 20, nays 22. No further amendments were offered till paragraph 257, relating to oranges, lemons and limes was reached, when Call moved to amend by increasing the rates of 10 cents, 20 cents and 40 cents per package (according to size) to 20, 40 and 50 cents. After some good natured banter, Call withdrew his amendment and substituted for it, the provisions of the existing law on the subject of oranges and lemons. Gray remarked that every bushel or package or pound of fruit imported into this country came in as a substitute for some grown fruit, and as long as the bill was a protective measure, the fruit growers of Florida, Delaware, Maryland and New Jersey were entitled to the same protection as the favored manufacturers in the East and North. After further discussion, Call withdrew his amendment and offered another, to put bananas, pineapples and coconuts 10 per ad valorem. Rejected.

HOUSE.

The conference report for the relief and civilization of the Chippewa Indians in Minnesota was agreed to. About four and three quarter million acres of land will be thrown open for settlement by this bill.

Increasing the Navy.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—Proposals were to-day invited by the Secretary of the Navy for the construction of an armored coast defense vessel of 4,000 tons, exclusive of armament. The bids will be opened at noon on the 20th of February. The material to be used in the construction of the vessel must be of American production, furnished and manufactured in the United States, and the armor, bolts and accessories, to be furnished by the Government, the contractor to fix secure the armor of the vessel. The vessel is to be constructed according to the plans and specifications provided by the Secretary of the Navy, and may be examined after December 26th. The vessel to be completed within three years from date of execution of contract; payments to be made in ten equal installments as the work progresses, ten per cent, to be reserved until the completion of the contract. Proposals will be received from every American shipbuilder and other persons who shall show to the satisfaction of the Secretary that he be possessed of the necessary plant for the performance of the work in the United States. Evidence of this must accompany the proposals.

Fear of a Conviction.

SAN JOSE, Cal., Dec. 20.—Ah Foo, awaiting trial for the murder of his Chinese partner at Gilroy, was found hanging in his cell, dead, this morning, having made a rope of his blankets and strangled himself.

High-Priced Horse.

LOUISVILLE, Dec. 20.—Bryant & Scroggins have sold Proctor Knott to J. B. Haggin for \$30,000.

Quay in Washington.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—Senator Quay returned this afternoon from his visit to Indianapolis.

Order Countermanded.

LONDON, Dec. 20.—The order to send reinforcements of troops to the Mediterranean has been countermanded.

FINE JOB PRINTING

VERY CHEAP AT

THE GAZETTE OFFICE.

THIS PAPER is kept on file at E. R. Agency, 64 and 66 Merchants' Exchange, San Francisco, Cal., where contracts for advertising can be made for it.

NEW TO-DAY.

OSBURN & SHOEMAKER

FAMILY DRUGGISTS

AND DEALERS IN

PAINTS AND OILS

GLASS, ETC.,

COMMERCIAL ROW

RENO, NEVADA.

HOLIDAY GOODS

HODGKINSON'S

DRUG STORE.

Call and ask Prices before buying Elsewhere.

VIRGINIA STREET

RENO, NEVADA.

OSBURN & SHOEMAKER

FAMILY DRUGGISTS

AND DEALERS IN

PAINTS AND OILS

GLASS, ETC.,

COMMERCIAL ROW

RENO, NEVADA.

OSBURN & SHOEMAKER

FAMILY DRUGGISTS

AND DEALERS IN

PAINTS AND OILS

GLASS, ETC.,

COMMERCIAL ROW

RENO, NEVADA.

OSBURN & SHOEMAKER

FAMILY DRUGGISTS

AND DEALERS IN

PAINTS AND OILS

GLASS, ETC.,

COMMERCIAL ROW

RENO, NEVADA.

OSBURN & SHOEMAKER

FAMILY DRUGGISTS

AND DEALERS IN

PAINTS AND OILS

GLASS, ETC.,

COMMERCIAL ROW

RENO, NEVADA.

OSBURN & SHOEMAKER

FAMILY DRUGGISTS

MISCELLANEOUS.

"EXTRA STAR" KEROSENE!

Best and Safest Oil Manufactured.

Strictly Water White. Guaranteed 150° fire test.

TOO MUCH CARE CANNOT BE TAKEN when purchasing Coal Oil, to obtain an article that will be perfectly safe and of good burning quality. The fact is now generally recognized that our "STAR" and "EXTRA STAR" Oils are the safest and best illuminating oils ever offered, being superior in fire test and burning quality to all others. These oils are remarkably uniform, which is a decided advantage to the consumer. They will cost no more than inferior brands that are being put on the market branded "High Fire Test," but which are really only 100° to 110° rendering them very unsafe oils for family use. We guarantee the "EXTRA STAR" better in every respect than the Elaine, Densers, or any of the fancy brands sold at higher prices. We have had great difficulty in obtaining a sufficient supply to meet the large and increasing demand for our brands. A full supply, however, has just arrived, and we are now in condition to fill orders promptly.

Give these oils a trial and you will use no others. We quote "Star" Oil at 22c per gal., lots to suit; "Extra Star" at 27c per gal., lots to suit.

WHITTIER, FULLER & CO.,

San Francisco.

These oils can be obtained from our branch stores at Sacramento, Los Angeles, Oakland, San Diego, Cal., and Portland, Or.

RENO, NEVADA.

RENO, NEVADA.

RENO, NEVADA.

RENO, NEVADA.

RENO, NEVADA.

RENO, NEVADA.

RENO, NEVADA.

RENO, NEVADA.

RENO, NEVADA.

RENO, NEVADA.

RENO, NEVADA.

RENO, NEVADA.

RENO, NEVADA.

RENO, NEVADA.

RENO, NEVADA.

RENO, NEVADA.

RENO, NEVADA.

RENO, NEVADA.

RENO, NEVADA.

RENO, NEVADA.

RENO, NEVADA.

RENO, NEVADA.

RENO, NEVADA.

RENO, NEVADA.

RENO, NEVADA.

RENO, NEVADA.

RENO, NEVADA.

RENO, NEVADA.

RENO, NEVADA.

RENO, NEVADA.

RENO, NEVADA.

RENO, NEVADA.

RENO, NEVADA.

RENO, NEVADA.

DRY GOODS AND CARPETS.

GRAND DISPLAY

HOLIDAY :: GOODS!

GREAT AND LEADING

Dry Goods, Carpet

AND CLOAK HOUSE

F. LEVY & BRO.

W. O. H. MARTIN,

Commercial Row, Reno, Nevada.

DEALER IN...

Shelf Hardware, Bar Iron, Barbed Wire, Steel,

Cumberland Coal, Lime, Plaster, Cement,

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS

Buckeye and All Other Kinds of Machine Extras a Specialty.

GROCERIES, LIQUORS, TINWARE AND CROCKERY.

AGENT FOR EMPIRE MOWER.

THE NEVADA TEA COMPANY

AND SPICE MILLS

Wholesale and Retail.

THE NEVADA TEA COMPANY

AND SPICE MILLS.

THE NEVADA TEA COMPANY

AND SPICE MILLS.

THE NEVADA TEA COMPANY

AND SPICE MILLS.

THE NEVADA TEA COMPANY

AND SPICE MILLS.

THE NEVADA TEA COMPANY

AND SPICE MILLS.

THE NEVADA TEA COMPANY

AND SPICE MILLS.

THE NEVADA TEA COMPANY

AND SPICE MILLS.

THE NEVADA TEA COMPANY

AND SPICE MILLS.

THE NEVADA TEA COMPANY

AND SPICE MILLS.

THE NEVADA TEA COMPANY

AND SPICE MILLS.

THE NEVADA TEA COMPANY

AND SPICE MILLS.

THE NEVADA TEA COMPANY

AND SPICE MILLS.

THE NEVADA TEA COMPANY

AND SPICE MILLS.

Reno Evening Gazette

WEATHER OBSERVATIONS.

Agricultural Experiment Station, for December 19, 1888.

	7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.
Barometer	25.638	25.572	25.506
Temperature	35.9	47.9	32.9
Relative humidity	55.5	40.9	70.9

	Inches	In degrees	Per cent.
Mean barometer (inches)	25.606		
Mean temperature	42.4		
Mean relative humidity (per cent.)	52.6		
Maximum temperature	47.1		
Minimum temperature	32.5		
Range of temperature	14.6		
State of weather	clear		
Prevailing winds	clear		
Total rainfall (inches)	0.00		

Agricultural Experiment Station, for December 18, 1888.

	7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.
Barometer	25.606	25.537	25.506
Temperature	22.9	48.6	30.1
Relative humidity	63.7	47.2	80.0

	Inches	In degrees	Per cent.
Mean barometer (inches)	25.543		
Mean temperature	34.4		
Mean relative humidity (per cent.)	66.7		
Maximum temperature	48.6		
Minimum temperature	22.5		
Range of temperature	26.1		
State of weather	clear		
Prevailing winds	west		
Total rainfall (inches)	0.00		

Condition of the weather at the points named at 7 o'clock this morning:

Ogden—Clear and calm; 30 degrees above zero.
 Carlin—Partly cloudy, calm; 13 degrees above zero.
 Battle Mountain—Cloudy, calm, frost, 26 degrees above zero.
 Winnemucca—Cloudy, light north-east wind; 21 degrees above zero.
 Humboldt—Cloudy, calm 32 degrees above zero.
 Reno—Cloudy, west wind; 34 degrees above zero. At 12 m., 42.6.

At San Francisco to-day the weather was fair with slightly warmer temperature.

Thursday December 20, 1888

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Desert Hotel—T. E. Dunne, H. L. Judd, J. T. Williams, Mrs. C. Johnson, J. M. Thompson, J. S. Wheeler, San Francisco; C. A. Smith, Lake View, Or.; E. D. Town, P. Dunne, Virginia City; A. H. Borchert, Sacramento; T. Newman, Buffalo, N. Y.; Mrs. I. L. Stinson, Tulare, Cal.; the Daly troupe; J. S. Sollins, Philadelphia; J. H. Carey, New York; J. Sparks, Reno; Mrs. Ziegler, Cal.

PALACE HOTEL—J. W. Slavan, Oakland; R. H. Parker and wife, Churchill county; L. Hilborn, H. L. Judd, G. Chandler, J. Johnson, R. Charles, San Francisco; W. H. Jones, G. L. Pitt, Sacramento; J. D. Harvey, Santa Maria, Mex.; C. Allen, Eureka; F. C. Bishop, Virginia City; E. Short, Boca; J. E. Boles, Calaveras county, Cal.; C. E. Lydis, Reno; P. Bewy, Cal.; T. Valesquez, Los Pinos, Cal.; T. Mohan, San Jose, Cal.

JOTTINGS.

Examine the stock of toys at the Palace Bakery before you buy anywhere else.

Don't forget the fine coffee, tea, turkeys, cider, mince, and everything in the Christmas line at E. C. Lead-better's.

For your roasts, boiling pieces, steaks, chops, cutlets, and all kinds of salt meats, go to J. Fraser's Virginia-street market.

Nuts of every description, and the finest oranges, bananas, dates, figs—in fact, everything nice for the holidays—at the Palace Bakery.

By taking your noon lunches at J. J. Becker's you will not become so hungry that you will make yourself sick by eating too much dinner.

Don't fail to remember that C. A. Thurston brought his holiday goods here to be sold, and that is why he put them low enough for everybody to reach.

C. J. Brookings' running pigs, jumping rabbits and bucking donkeys afford great amusement to the little ones, as well as big folks, who should see that Santa Claus leaves some of them where they can be had on Christmas morning.

Make no Mistake.

By dispelling the symptoms so often mistaken for consumption, Santa Able has brought gladness to many a household. By its prompt use for breaking up the cold that too often develops into the fatal disease, thousands can be saved from an untimely grave. You make no mistake by keeping a bottle of this pleasant remedy in your house. California Cat-R-Cure is equally effective in eradicating all traces of nasal catarrh. Both of these wonderful California remedies are sold and warranted by Osburn & Shoemaker at \$1 a package; three for \$2.50.

Meat Market.

Following are the rates for whole carcasses from slaughterers to dealers in the San Francisco market:

Beef—First quality, 7@7½¢; second quality, 6@6½¢; third quality, 5@5½¢ per pound.

Veal—Quotable at 6@7¢ for large and 8@10¢ per pound for small.

Mutton—Quotable at 9@7¢ per pound.

Lamb—Quotable at 9@10¢ per pound.

Pork—Live hogs, on foot, grain fed, 8@8½¢; salt, 5½@6¢; dressed hogs, 8½@9¢ per pound.

A Reward.

A reward of \$1,000 is offered to anyone who can find in Reno a stock of candies as large and as choice as the Palace Bakery carries. If you buy anywhere else you cut your own nose. Our prices are graded according to quality. No terra alba or poisonous colors in ours.

WASHOE'S EXHIBIT.

It Calls Forth Some Questions by a San Francisco Man.

The display of Washoe county products in the State Board of Trade rooms on Market street, is attracting considerable attention, because many who saw it had never heard of Washoe county before. I went to the exposition the other day and registered as a citizen of Carson, Nevada. Mr. Smith, one of the officers of the Board who was very cordial, wanted to know what the news from Carson was, and how the people generally were getting on. I told him that the only news I knew was that Ormsby county had gone Republican, that the Government building was going up steadily, and that as far as I could learn the people were not complaining of hard times.

Mr. Smith said he was real glad to hear so much news from Carson, and was more than pleased to learn that the people were prosperous. "By the way," he remarked, "were you ever in Washoe county? How far is that from Carson?"

"Have I ever been in Washoe county?" echoed I. "Well, yes, somewhat."

"That's good, for then you can tell us something about it. We have a fine display of products from that county, but are not able to tell inquirers anything about the place where they were grown."

"Senator Thompson who so kindly helped in placing the Washoe county exhibit in our rooms gave one of our men full information about the county, but he has been sick for a month and we have not been in a position to answer the questions that the display called forth."

"They have printing offices up there, haven't they? I should think they would get up some kind of a descriptive pamphlet and send it with such exhibits as this. The expense of printing would naturally fall on the local Board of Trade."

"What? No Board of Trade? No Chamber of Commerce? No Merchants' League? Nothing of that kind? You astonish me. Why, in California and in nearly all the other States every little one-horse town or village even has a Board of Trade to help advertise its advantages. I shouldn't think such a county as you represent Washoe to be would feel contented to let so many people go by without inviting them to stop and look around, at least."

"And you say Reno, the county seat, is on the line of the Central Pacific railroad? Why, every day of the year men come west over that road looking for homes. It would help Washoe a great deal to get a few of them—of course the more the better. "I don't know of any better way to get what you want than to advertise for it. A straight-forward statement of the advantages of a town or county or State will be sure to attract attention and win settlers. That's what we need here in the West."

"Now just look here, and see what kind of literature our counties are sending out." Saying this Mr. Smith picked up a number of neat pamphlets advertising the various counties of nearly every county in the State. Some were done in colors, with attractive covers, and all were interesting.

They were much more voluminous than the little doggers issued by the Nevada State Board of Immigration a year ago. Controller Hallock sent me several thousand of those while I was east of the Rocky Mountains, and I blazed my trail with them wherever I went, distributing them on railroad trains, in hotels, and wherever I thought they would do the most good. For a starter that circular was all that could be wished. It was well written and well printed, but it was not sufficiently voluminous to tell all that the people going to settle in a State want to know.

California, Oregon, Washington Territory, Idaho, Montana, Utah and New Mexico outfit Nevada in the way of advertising. They had topographical maps, pictures of scenery and products, statistics of yield per acre, acreage under cultivation, waterways, forests, prairie lands, taxes, public indebtedness, public improvements, and all other information such as would be sought by men intending to move West.

The Nevada Board of Immigration has made a good beginning—has done all in its power with the means at its command. No doubt the coming Legislature will strengthen its financial resources and thus help it to become the means of much advantage to the entire State."

WELLS DRURY,
 SAN FRANCISCO, 14 Octavia street.

[The GAZETTE is printing for Mr. Thompson a voluminous pamphlet giving all the information that could be asked for.—EDITOR GAZETTE.]

CATTLE ON THE MEADOWS.

How Many There are and to Whom They Belong.

The following is a correct list of the cattle on the meadows feeding and to whom they belong: C. Derby has 500, George Humphrey 350, J. Strang 220, Matt Healy 200, Ayers & Poor 375, Poler, Heilbron & Co. 400, Horn & Chapman 325, Joseph Frey 520, C. Alexander 200, E. F. Sessions 170, Major Wall 220, George Mapes 1,400, Louis Dean 900, Ward Bros. 400, Grayson, Owen & Co. 650, Hayes, Carrick & Co. 950, John Sparks 500, George Peckham 50, G. C. Hunt 231, E. Crain 200, W. H. Callaghan 150, and other small lots estimated at 150, making a grand total of about 9,091.

LAST NIGHT'S REHEARSAL.

The 20th musical rehearsal, under the direction of Miss Eva Quaffie, took place at the School for Girls last evening, and was largely attended. The pupils showed that they had been intelligently trained both for vocal and instrumental exercises. The skillful hand of Miss Quaffie could be seen in every piece rendered.

A Good Paper.

The WEEKLY GAZETTE and STOCK-MAN published to-day is the finest weekly published between San Francisco and the Atlantic seaboard. It contains 32 columns of reading matter and is a complete compendium of the week's news. Subscribe now.

San Bernardino charges \$40 a day for circuses and \$10 for dance houses.

PUBLIC SCHOOL CLOSING.

A Good Showing for the First Part of the School Year.

As the year draws to a close the teachers and pupils of the public schools are looking forward to a season of rest and enjoyment, the former feeling that they have earned a short season of recreation by faithful work performed as servants of the public; and the latter anticipating, as youth is wont to do, the pleasures of the holiday season, including gifts, merry making and a good time generally. Good progress has been made throughout the schools during the fall term now closing; the examinations just held in different departments showing a commendable degree of improvement in the various studies. The attendance has been good, and as a whole the public schools of Reno have never been in a more satisfactory condition than at present. Owing to the increase of pupils in the lower grades, the trustees have decided on opening a new department with the reopening of the schools, thus making a place for another teacher; and Dame Rumor has it that one of the

FAIREST OF THE PRESENT CORPS

is about to withdraw from the arduous duties of the schoolroom, confining her attention to one pupil for the present. A class of six, consisting of three young gentlemen and the same number of the gentler sex, will graduate from the high school at its close. It has not been the custom, nor is it intended to be followed hereafter, to have a graduating class at this time of the year; this being an exceptional case. Owing to the fact that some were unable to attend regularly during the last year, and thus could not complete the prescribed course until the present time, an opportunity has been given them to do so. The graduating exercises will be held at the Baptist Church to-morrow (Friday) evening, the other departments closing with appropriate exercises on Friday afternoon. The Intermediate Departments will join in the rooms on the lower floor of the brick school house, and at the same time, the Grammar Departments will hold their exercises in the high school rooms. It is hoped that the parents and friends of the school generally will be present. Pleasing programmes have been arranged, and it is a pleasure to both teachers and pupils to have their friends attend.

TWELVE YEARS AGO.

Death and Marriage Make a Good Many Changes.

Twelve years ago to-day Thomas Julien and H. A. Waldo arrived from Winnemucca and were to shortly open a grocery store.

C. H. Van Gorder was down from Virginia attending a meeting of the Agricultural Society.

At a meeting of the Nevada State Agricultural, Mining and Mechanical Society the following gentlemen were elected Trustees: C. C. Batterman, C. C. Stevenson, Jasper Babcock, D. A. Bender and Alvaro Evans.

At an entertainment given in Dryer's Hall for the benefit of the Congregational Church the following were present: Miss Julia Allen, Mrs. Charles Stoddard, Miss Cross, Miss Emma Cutting, Mrs. Wm. Walker, Miss Katie Kinkead, Willie Knox, Miss Martin, Miss Sadie Bragg and Mrs. Dean.

Constable William Barlow had just cleaned out a pack of chicken thieves.

BREVITIES.

Local and General Intelligence.

An insane man from Virginia City was committed to the Asylum last evening.

Two sleepers from the Chicago, Alton & St. Louis road passed east this morning.

A postoffice has been established at Emerald Bay, Lake Tahoe—P. T. Kirby postmaster.

Tom Barnett is continuing his side-walk the whole of his building on Commercial Row.

D. Allen, District Attorney-elect, has moved to the court-house preparatory to assuming the duties of his office.

S. J. Hodgkinson, Chairman of the Committee of Arrangements, will give any information regarding the masquerade January 1st.

General Greeley of the United States Signal Service predicts that the coldest days of the present winter will come between the 20th and 30th of January.

A man by the name of Allen, from Surprise Valley, who arrived here Tuesday evening with thirty dozen chickens, sold them out yesterday and cleared \$75 on the lot.

F. J. McCullough and Evan Williams have been appointed by the Governor members of the District Board of Agriculture, District No. 1, comprising Ormsby county.

PERSONAL.

Lanson E. Ross of Joliet, Ill., is visiting his brother, A. E. Ross of Long Valley.

R. J. Laws and wife of Hawthorne returned from California on this morning's overland.

Miss Anna Meyrich of Carlin, Nevada, passed through Reno last night, for San Francisco.

Hon. W. C. Grimes of Churchill, who has been in town a few days, went home to-day.

Albert Ross is in from his ranch at Long Valley. He goes below to-night with a carload of horses for sale.

About twenty of the young ladies from the "School for Girls" left this morning to spend the holidays at their several homes.

Jerry Tyler of Long Valley arrived by the N. O. & O. railroad last night with a carload of butter and apples, which he is taking to Los Angeles.

Postal Route Changed.

A Washington dispatch of the 18th inst. says that the route from Fort Bidwell to Reno has been curtailed to omit Pyramid, Sheephead and Buffalo Meadows, and will end at Legan Station.

Bank Suspended.

The California National Bank at San Francisco is in the hands of Bank Commissioner Cassidy, who thinks the depositors will be paid in full.

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS.

Their Validity Argued in the Supreme Court.

On Tuesday, says the Carson Appeal, the case of the validity of the Constitutional Amendments passed upon by the Legislature of 1885 came up before the Supreme Court. Amendments 1 and 8 were chosen as the ones on which the case was to be made.

Amendment 1 provides that the Legislature shall convene on the third Monday of January instead of the first, and Amendment 8 provides that the office of Lieutenant-Governor shall be abolished.

Attorney-General Alexander argued in favor of the validity of the Amendments, and Judge Wells, Private Secretary of Governor Stevenson, opposed them.

It was held that there were two reasons for invalidating the Amendments. First, they had not been properly journalized; and next, they had not been properly advertised.

General Alexander held that the question of journalizing was vague, and that the strict letter of the law had been modified. The question of advertising General Alexander considered had been complied with by the advertising of 1885, and it was therefore not necessary to again advertise in 1888, as the voters already had read them.

Judge Leonard asked the very pertinent question what a voter was to do who had not been in the State when the first publication was made, and the court counsel suggested that in that case he had better not vote if he could not ascertain what the amendment, which was only numbered on the ticket, referred to.

The question arose as to how many votes were necessary to cause a Constitutional Amendment to be adopted by the people. It was held that it required a majority of all the votes cast thereon (majority of the amendments), so that, if only 100 people took the trouble to vote on the amendments and 51 voted in their favor, those 51 votes would be sufficient to cause them to be adopted by the people.

Judge Wells, referring to the changing of the Constitution, said it seemed a very simple thing to do when one reads the law, but from all appearances the State has been singularly unfortunate in any of its legislation on the subject.

He considered that the action of the Senate in 1885 had been in strict compliance with the law—the action of the House had been irregular—but in 1887 the action of both Senate and House was regular, and the amendments had been properly spread upon the minutes of the House either time.

Judge Wells laid great stress on the refusal of the Board to advertise the amendments as the law plainly directed.

He held that this advertising was contemplated by the Legislature to give the amendments widespread publicity, so that each voter could vote intelligently upon the proposition.

At the close of the argument the Court took the case under advisement. The matter will be very soon disposed of, as it is necessary to have it settled to let members-elect of the Legislature know when they are expected to be in Carson to begin their official duties.

DAVID MCCLURE'S WILL.

He Leaves His Entire Estate to His Widow.

The San Francisco Bulletin of the 19th instant says:

The will of the late Senator David McClure was filed yesterday for probate in the Probate Court. It is dated April 28, 1882, and is written by the deceased. He leaves an estate worth \$82,000 to his widow, Mrs. Emma McClure, whom he bequeaths as executrix without bonds. Thomas B. McClure, father of the deceased, asks the court to have him removed as administrator, with the will annexed, and in his petition states that Mrs. McClure is of unsound mind and is now confined at a private asylum at Stockton, devoted to the treatment of the insane.

A petition was also filed by L. D. Folsom of Reno, Nev., brother of Mrs. McClure, in which he asks the court to appoint Arthur D. Lockwood guardian of her estate. The petition states that Mrs. McClure is confined in Dr. Clark's insane asylum at Stockton, and that she is incompetent to manage her estate.

Mr. Lockwood is the husband of Mrs. McClure's cousin. The petition of Thomas B. McClure shows that at the time of his death Senator McClure possessed real estate worth \$34,000 and he had \$48,000 life insurance.

Appreciated.

What Hale Bros. & Co. of Sacramento, think of the GAZETTE:

SACRAMENTO, Dec. 18, 1888.

Mr. Allen C. Bragg, Reno, Nevada—DEAR SIR: Find enclosure of \$50 on Crocker, Woolworth, National Bank, San Francisco, in full payment of advertising. We shall resume advertising in the interior papers next June, and shall be pleased to negotiate with you the month preceding. We are satisfied with the work accomplished for us by the GAZETTE, and here take occasion to thank you for courtesies extended. Very cordially,

HALE BROS. & CO.

Masonic Meeting.

There will be a called convocation of Reno Lodge, No. 13, F. and A. M., held at Masonic Hall on Saturday evening, December 22d, for the purpose of work in the Third Degree. All members in good standing are respectfully invited to attend. By order of the W. M. S. M. JAMISON, Secretary.

Christmas Exercises.

All friends and patrons are cordially invited to attend the Christmas exercises to be rendered by the First and Second Grammar Departments of the public school at 1:30 p. m. Friday, December 21, 1888, in High School rooms. Mrs. E. J. KNOWLTON, Miss S. A. HARRIS, Teachers.

California farmers at making extensive purchases of plows.

A clear head is indicative of good health and regular habits. When the body is laid and the mind works sluggishly, Ayer's Cathartic Pills will assist in the recovery of physical buoyancy and mental vigor.

WHY THEY DON'T MARRY.

A Treasury Clerk Explains the Reason for Celibacy.

"A great deal has been said," remarked a lady clerk in the treasury department, "about why our girls don't marry. So far I have only heard the men quailed, and they say a great deal about the girls losing their charms and becoming less feminine by mixing with the business world, and about wanting to better their condition by marriage. Now, if you reporters really want to know something about the matter, why don't you go to the women themselves? I'll just tell you one thing, and it's what I believe to be an important reason. When a girl is kept at home, surrounded by girls, and hears of the greatness of the masculine part of the genus homo, and only meeting him at parties and in the parlor, she conceives rather an exalted idea of what he really is. Then, when she secures a position and meets them as they are away from gossamer's unstable glitter, her idea of the actual fact falls considerably from what it was in her inexperienced, even if she still retains the idea in her mind. The fact is that we are like Diogenes—we are hunting for an honest man. We know more about them than we did, and so the right man is naturally harder to find."

Electric Bitters.

This remedy is becoming so well known and so popular as to need no special mention. All who have used Electric Bitters sing the same song of praise.—A purer medicine does not exist and it is guaranteed to do all that is claimed. Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, will remove Pimples, Boils, Salt Rheum and other affections caused by impure blood.—Will drive Malaria from the system and prevent as well as cure all Malarial fevers. For cure of headache, constipation or indigestion try Electric Bitters. Entire satisfaction guaranteed, or money refunded. Price 50 cts. and \$1.00 per bottle, at Hodgkinson & Co's. drug store.

Bothered by Lions.

The Modoc Independent is informed that the sheep owners who are grazing their flocks on the west side of Goose Lake are experiencing considerable trouble from California lions. One night last week one of the varmints entered the fold of Mr. Thompson, seized a large ram and carried it off several hundred yards, killed it and then walked off and left the carcass. Quite a number of sheep have been killed by these animals.

Is Consumption Incurable?

Read the following: Mr. C. H. Morris, Newark, Ark., says: "Was down with Abscess of Lungs, and friends and physicians pronounced me an incurable consumptive. Began taking Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, and am now on my third bottle, and able to oversee the work on my farm. It is the finest medicine ever made."

Jesse Middlewart, Decatur, Ohio, says: "Had it not been for Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption I could have died of Lung Trouble. Was given up by doctors as a new in best of health." Try it. Sample bottles free at Hodgkinson & Co's. drug store.

Astronomical Instruments.

The Winnemucca Silver State says that a consignment of astronomical instruments for Professor Davidson, the eminent scientist and astronomer, has arrived there. This would indicate that the Professor or one of his assistants intends to be there on January 1st to take observations of the solar eclipse.

The instruments are from Harvard College.

Dr. Bo-san-ko.

In his new discovery for Consumption, succeeded in producing a medicine which is acknowledged by all to be simply marvelous. It is exceedingly pleasant to the taste, perfectly harmless, and does not sicken. In all cases of Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Croup, Bronchitis, and Pains in the Chest, it has given universal satisfaction. Dr. Bo-san-ko's Cough and Lung Syrup is sold at 25 cents by S. J. Hodgkinson.

An Embarrassing Inquiry.

Mrs. Anna Mitchell of Williston, Ohio, and sister of John C. Patterson, who several years ago was hanged in Nevada City, California, for the murder of a banker by the name of Cummings, writes to learn of her brother's whereabouts, she not having heard of his ignominious fate.

Can you imagine any ailment that will make a good natured person so peevish, dissatisfied, ill-tempered and cranky as biliousness? There is no reason whatever, why any one should suffer from indigestion, dyspepsia, Torpid Liver and loss of appetite, when Dr. Henry's Dandelion Tonic, which everyone knows is a certain cure, can be so easily obtained. Sold by William Pinner.

A Good Ordinance.

The Board of Trustees of Sacramento have adopted an ordinance prohibiting the smoking of cigarettes in that city by any person "at or under the age of seventeen years," and also forbidding the sale of cigarettes to such persons.

Gentlemen frequently complain of their barber shaving them too close, and the face and neck breaking out into small pimples. If Dunder's Specific is applied to the face immediately after shaving, no matter how close the shave, all soreness will be prevented. Sold by William Pinner.

The jury in the Teller murder case at Spokane Falls, brought in a verdict of not guilty. Mrs. Teller killed her husband in self-defense.

Nasal catarrh is probably one of the most disagreeable ailments that a person can be afflicted with. If Dunder's Specific is used with a douche or even sniffed up the nose, according to directions, it will cure it, and a real, all cure can in most cases be effected. Sold by William Pinner.

Bituminous coal, three feet in width, has been discovered in Saanich, B. C.

Scrophulous humors, erysipelas, cancer

THE BANK OF NEVADA,
RENO, NEVADA.
Capital Stock Fully Subscribed, - - \$300,000
Will buy and sell exchange on San Francisco, New York, London
and the principal Eastern and European cities.

OFFICERS:
M. D. FOLEY..... President.
M. E. WARD..... Vice-President.
M. MEYER..... Cashier.
R. S. OSBURN..... Assistant Cashier.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
Daniel Meyer, San Francisco; M. D. Foley, Eureka; George Russell,
Elko; M. E. Ward, J. N. Evans, C. O. Powning, L. Abrahams, Reno.

STOCKHOLDERS:
Daniel Meyer, M. Brown, L. Brown, Wm. Fries, San Francisco;
Russell & Bradley, Elko; M. D. Foley, B. Gilman, H. Donnelly, R. K.
Morrison, W. E. Griffin, John Torrey, H. Johnson, W. J. Tonkin,
Eureka; Frank Golden, Virginia City; Mat Healey, Susanville, Theo.
H. Winters, Washoe Valley; R. M. Clarke, Carson; J. H. Whitely, Wads-
worth; C. C. Powning, J. N. Evans, A. Benson, B. F. Bobo, L. Abrahams,
A. Abrahams, W. H. Gould, Sol. Levy, M. E. Ward, R. S. Os-
burn, R. H. Lindsay, W. D. Phillips, E. Cohn, T. V. Julien, L. J. Flint,
Reno.

Will transact a general Banking Business. Mining and other stocks
bought and sold on commission. Agents for several first-class In-
surance Companies.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,
RENO, NEVADA.
Capital paid in, \$200,000. Surplus fund, \$70,000.

Collections carefully made and promptly accounted for. Accounts of
Merchants, Banks, Bankers and Individuals Solicited.

OFFICERS:
D. A. BENDER..... President.
G. W. MAPES..... Vice-President.
C. T. BENDER..... Cashier.
GEO. H. TAYLOR..... Assistant Cashier.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
W. O. H. Martin, A. H. Manning, Geo. W. Mapes, D. A. Bender and
C. T. Bender.

STOCKHOLDERS:
D. A. Bender, Mrs. H. M. Yerrington, Carson, Nevada; D. B. Lyman,
Richard Kirman, Virginia City, Nevada; J. P. Woodbury, Empire,
Nevada; Allen A. Curtis, John A. Paxton, F. D. Stadtmuller, Thomas
Holt, San Francisco, Cal.; F. M. Rowland, Long Valley, Cal.; Chas.
Kaiser, Stillwater, Nevada; Adam Shrieber, Winnemucca, Nevada; O.
W. Ward, W. O. H. Martin. Geo. W. Mapes, Samuel Brown, F. M.
Lee, Geo. H. Taylor, A. H. Manning, C. T. Bender, Estate John John-
son, Mrs. Jennie Lewis, Reno, Nev.

"The Great Monthly Magazine of
the World."—Pacific Churchman.

THE CENTURY
MAGAZINE IN 1889.

WHY Has it such an enormous circula-
tion? Experts estimate that between
two and three millions of people read each
number.

BECAUSE THE CENTURY is above every
thing a leader. It led the
development of wood-engraving in America,
and it has fostered American authors. It is
alive to the issues of to-day. What it prints
sets people to thinking and talking.

BECAUSE Whatever other periodicals
may come into the family,
the great reading world has found out that
"no household can keep abreast of the times
without THE CENTURY." Its success is ex-
plained by its contents.

BECAUSE The greatest writers of the
world like to have their work
read by the greatest number, and therefore to
such a magazine as THE CENTURY the best
naturally comes. It was for THE CENTURY
that General Grant first wrote his reminis-
cences of important battles.

BECAUSE It is publishing the life of
Abraham Lincoln, by his
private secretary. Of this it has been said,
"The young man who is not reading it robs
himself of that which he will hunger for."
The coming year presents the most important
part of this great history, which may begin at
any time.

BECAUSE It is printing those remarkable
articles on "Suberbia" and
the "Eccle System," by George Kennan, which
are attracting universal attention and are be-
ing reprinted in hundreds of foreign news-
papers, but are not allowed to enter Russia.
The "Chicago Tribune" printed in the English
language just now touch upon a subject which
so vitally interests all thoughtful people in
Europe and America and Asia. They are
"as judicial as the opinion of a Supreme Court
tribunal—as thrilling as the most sensational
drama."

BECAUSE During 1889 THE CENTURY
is to have a series of engrav-
ings of the greatest pictures of the old Italian
masters, made by Timothy Cole, the leading
wood-engraver in the world, who has spent
four years in Italy on this work; a series of
"Strange True Stories of Louisiana," by Geo.
W. Cable; occasional richly illustrated papers
describing the scenes of the current Inter-
national Sunday-school lessons; interesting il-
lustrated papers on Ireland, and a series of hu-
morous and pathetic Irish-American stories;
a striking illustrated novelette, "The Romance
of Dollars," by a new writer, and other novel-
ists to be announced later; supplemental war
papers, technical and descriptive of special
incidents, "Pictures of the Far West," by
Mary Hallock Foote, etc., etc. We have not
space here to announce all the new features.
Let us send you the "Catalogue of Special
Publications," which contains full prospectus of
back numbers to the beginning of the Siberian pa-
pers, etc. The November number, which be-
gins the new volume, is for sale everywhere
after November 15. THE CENTURY costs 15
cents a number, \$4 a year. Address THE
CENTURY CO., 33 East 17th Street, New York.

A SUPERIOR EDUCATION AT HOME.

The State University

OF NEVADA, LOCATED AT RENO, OF-
fers excellent opportunities to young
men and young women who desire to obtain
a good education at a reasonable cost.
This institution being a part of the public
school system of the State, is free to all resi-
dents of Nevada.

Five Schools or Departments
Have been organized in the University.

1. The School of Mines and Mine Engineer-
ing.
2. The Normal School.
3. The Business Department.
4. The Academic Department.
5. The School of Agriculture.

**The School of Mines and Mining
Engineering**
Includes a thorough course of study in math-
ematics, natural science and the English
language. Graduates of this school will re-
ceive the degree of Mining Engineer.

The School of Agriculture
Includes the fundamental branches of math-
ematics, natural science, the English lan-
guage and observations and experimen-
tation connected with the farm and garden. Students
in this school will be given an opportunity to
defray a portion of their expenses by working
on the University farm.

The Normal School
Includes the studies pursued in the elemen-
tary and high schools of Nevada, the history
of education and the theory and practice of
teaching. Graduates of the Normal School
will receive certificates valid in any public
school of the State.

The Business Department
Includes the study of Arithmetic, bookkeep-
ing, commercial law, business forms and the
English language.

The Academic Department
Includes English, Latin, mathematics and
natural science. Graduates of this depart-
ment will receive the degree of Bachelor of
Arts.

The University is equipped with a library,
cabinet and physical laboratories. First-
class facilities for chemical analysis and as-
saying are being provided.
Practice in reading, singing, declaiming,
essay writing and public speaking is afforded
by rhetorical exercises, conducted by the
Professors and by the literary societies of the
University.

Room rent and board in respectable
families can be had for less than \$25 per
month.
The next term of fifteen weeks
will open Wednesday, Jan. 2, 1890
For further information address
LEROY D. BROWN,
President of the University, Reno, Nevada.

VISITING CARDS

...AT THE...

GAZETTE OFFICE

Sisters of Charity

Charity, attached to St. Mary's Infant
Asylum, Dorchester, Mass., certify to the
inestimable value of Ayer's Sarsaparilla in
the treatment of sore eyes and skin
diseases, among the many unfortunate
children under their care. Mrs. S. D.
Bodwell, Wilmington, Mass., writes con-
cerning the treatment of her daughter,
who was troubled with sore eyes, as fol-
lows: "I gave Ayer's Sarsaparilla to

may be "fair and foremost of the train
that wait on man's most dignified and
happiest state," but the dignity and hap-
piness of man cannot long endure with-
out the health that may be obtained in a
few bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. A. W.
Parker, lumber dealer, 209 Bleury street,
Montreal, Que., writes: "After being
troubled with Dyspepsia for a year, and
with Salt Rheum

For a Number of Years,

I was cured of both diseases by using
six bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla." M. G.
Train, Duxbury, Mass., writes: "I have
found Ayer's Sarsaparilla an efficacious
remedy for bilious troubles and Dyspep-
sia." Henry Cobb, 41 Russell st., Charle-
stown, Mass., writes: "I was completely
cured of Dyspepsia, by the use of Ayer's
Sarsaparilla." Wm. Lee, Jopka, Md.,
writes: "I have tried Ayer's Sarsaparilla,
and it has done me so much good that I
shall always regard it as the best of blood
purifiers." Eminent physicians prescribe
Ayer's Sar-

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

sarsaparilla. I believe it to be the best of
blood purifiers."

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.
For sale by all Druggists. Price \$1; six bottles for \$5.

OLD TOM HEMPER.

The wonderful Providence that saved
old Tom Hemper from the vengeance
of the Comanche Indians, 15 or 16 years
ago, has been discussed in many a
western fort and around many a hunters
camp fire. The party numbered 22
men, some of them being English
tourists, and they were undisturbed for
two weeks after getting down to what
is called the great salt lake of the Cana-
dian. Then Indian signs became very
fresh, and one morning old Tom started
out on a scout. Two other old hunters
with the party remained in camp.

The Canadian range alongside of a
mountain range for several hundred
miles, and this range is broken with
many small valleys and creeks. Tom
went to the east as he left camp, keep-
ing between the foot hills and the river.
He was on foot and alert, but after a
walk of an hour he discovered no signs,
and had to conclude that the Indians
had approached from the other direc-
tion. Just as he was on the point of
turning back he found a spring of ice-
cold water, and had to lie down on his
stomach to reach it and satisfy his
thirst. He was drinking when some-
thing alighted on his back. His first
thought was that it was a panther, but
next instant he saw the legs of a
redskin, and knew that he was a pris-
oner. When pulled to his feet he
found himself in the presence of three
Comanches, who were out after game.

His great surprise seemed to please them,
and they offered him no violence
whatever. He was first un-
armed, his hands then tied behind his
back, and the Indians gave him to un-
derstand that he was to accompany
them to their village. While there
was no Indian war at that time, all
savages were hostile to any and all
white men who invaded their domain,
and old Tom swiftly realized that he
was in a bad scrape. He could speak
and understand the Comanche dialect
with perfect ease, but this fact he kept
to himself. As they moved away one
of his captors said:

"He is an old hunter, and we shall
have a good time burning him. He is
probably the leader of the party be-
low."

The prisoner was conducted about
three miles up the river and a mile to
the east, at which point a Comanche
village was located. It was in a valley
about three miles long and a mile wide,
and contained 60 or 70 lodges. Nearly
all the warriors of the village were away
watching the white party, but as soon
as the prisoner entered the village a
messenger was dispatched to bring
them in. Before noon all had returned
and there was great rejoicing over the
capture of the hunter. The head chief
of the tribe was expected at the camp
on the morrow, and it was decided not
to do anything with the prisoner until
his arrival.

Tom was shoved into a lodge and
three warriors placed on guard over
him. Tom heard the friends discussing
in what ways they should torture him.
One of the guards said that he had seen
a white man hung up to a limb with a
stick thrust through the bones of his
legs, as the farmer hangs up a slaughter-
ed hog, and that he lived for half a day.
One wanted to skin him alive, another
believed in a slow fire, and almost every
one who came up had some suggestion
to make. It was conceded that he would
die game, and that his equal had not
been captured for years.

It was 9 o'clock next morning before
the big chief and his staff arrived, and
an hour later the prisoner was brought
out. The warriors had arranged them-
selves in two lines, and were armed
with clubs and switches. Old Tom was
taken to the head of the lines, and a
warrior who could speak a little English
made him understand that he was to
run to the foot of the line and return,
and that if he ran fast and strong he
would be set at liberty on his return.
This was all stuff of course, but it is al-
ways given out to every prisoner to en-
courage him. The chief called out to
the men not to hit the prisoner too
hard, and all was ready for the start.

Tom intended to stand about
and run for the river. There was not
one chance in a thousand for him, but
he preferred death by the bullet to
death by torture. He was even bracing
himself for his run when there were
shouts of alarm all around him, and he
saw two Indian boys coming down
the valley on horseback, making signs
as they came. Tom was hurried back
to the lodge, the village was all excite-
ment, and in five minutes 50 warriors
were riding up the valley. Tom figured
that some of his party were scouting
around to learn his fate, and that they
had come into the valley and had been
seen by the village sentinels. This, as
was afterwards ascertained, was the
correct supposition.

The Indians did not return until five
o'clock in the afternoon. At about six
old Tom was brought out again, and
this time he was tied to a stake. For
some reason the redskins had decided
to spare him the gauntlet. This was
from no feeling of mercy, of course, but
their long ride had probably tired them
out.

There was no possible show for me
to make a break. The old man
"I was backed up to the stone stake,
my hands and my feet were tied to it
by strips of green hide, and then they
were ready to begin business. I saw
them getting their knives and tomah-
awks ready to throw at me, and in my
desperation I looked up and called out
at them, speaking the first words since my
capture. I reviled and cursed them
and dared them to do their worst, and
while I was speaking the sub-chief, who
was the head of the village, and whose
name was Spotted Horse, threw up his
arms and fell back dead."

The chief was no doubt predisposed
to heart diseases. He had been in the
saddle for six or seven hours, laboring
under a keen excitement all the time,
and it needed only the increased excite-
ment brought on by the hunter's de-
claration to precipitate the stroke.
That the Indians considered it an act of
divine vengeance was plain in a mo-
ment. It was scarcely known that he
was dead before Tom was untied and
conducted back to the lodge, and the
village at once went into mourning.

"It was two days before they buried
him," said Tom, "and while I was
well treated, but closely guarded. On
the third day I was taken out again. I
had heard the reds discussing the mat-
ter from all standpoints. Some contend-
ed that I was an evil spirit, and if not
permitted to depart would work them
some terrible calamity, while others
argued that I must be burned and my
ashes scattered to the winds to propi-
tiate the evil one. Those who held to
the latter opinion were in the majority.
I was not to be tortured, but burned
alive."

He was tied to the same stake, and
the faggots heaped around him, but
just as they were being lighted he broke
out in fierce railway again. His words
affected the whole crowd, but he would
no doubt have perished had not nature

come to his aid. The hush which had
fallen upon the village was broken by a
far-off roar, and a moment later a
cyclone swept into the valley from the
east like a raging lion. It came and
was gone in 10 seconds, and a sad wreck
was left behind. Every lodge was
down, and many of them carried away,
while many of the people were hurt,
and two children killed outright, by
falling limbs and flying debris.

"I never saw Indians lose their heads
as those chaps did," said old Tom. "I
was left quite alone for the next quarter
of an hour, while those who had es-
caped unhurt were running about in a
chillish way. It was just growing dusk
when an Indian pony was led up to the
stake by the head chief in person. I
was cut loose by a warrior, lifted upon
the pony by two others, and told by the
chief that I was at liberty to go. I was
too dazed to understand, but they gave
the horse a slap and away we went.
For the next 10 minutes I was no bet-
ter than an idiot or crazy man, but my
senses soon returned and I saw through
it. They regarded me as an evil spirit
and wanted to get rid of me. My rifle
was strapped to the saddle, as was every
other article they had taken from me,
and they had given me one of their
best horses. Inside of two hours I was
back at our camp, but only to find the
party gone. They had become alarmed
and moved about 30 miles up the
stream, where I found them next day."

Tom not only had the Comanches out-
fit to prove the truth of what he said,
but the next year, when the chiefs of
the tribe held a pow-wow with a govern-
ment commission, the entire story was
told anew by the Indians and Indian
inquiries were made as to what had be-
come of the white man's devil.

ECHOES OF THE CAMPAIGN.

Odd Incidents of the Battle and some
Anecdotes Relating to the Victorious
Quay.

As the smoke of the campaign clears
away it becomes more and more evident
that much of the Republican victory is
due to the political talent, if not genius
of Col. Mat. Quay. Already enough
stories, in which he is the hero, are float-
ing around town to ensure him fame for
the remaining years of the present gener-
ation.

A feature of Quay's management was
the thorough canvass he caused to be
made of all the voters in New York City
and Brooklyn. When the news leaked
out that such a thing was being done, old
workers laughed at and pronounced it an
impossibility. The canvass was kept
up nevertheless and with remarkable
success. E. B. Spooner, ex-president of
the Typographical Fraternity, who was a
leading worker under the system, said "I
and others were engaged in canvassing all
of the printing trades. We received good
salaries and worked as hard as we knew
how."

We asked every one we could how he
stood, and then to prevent being made
the victims of practical jokes we verified
in every way possible. When we finished
our work we handed in a report as to the
political preferences of more than 6,000
voters, giving not only their present views,
but also their changes from 1884. I made
up these returns and in doing so I found
that outside of the Irish-Blaine vote so-
called there was a perceptible movement
from the National Democratic to the Re-
publican ticket. I referred to the fact in
speaking with Col. Quay, and he smiled
and said, "It is all over the State, but
not to the extent you imagine and we
desire but still large enough to carry
New York."

A good story told about Col. Quay, but
which in reality belongs to the wagging
clerks of the National Committee, in-
volves the now famous furniture politi-
cian Col. Coogan. A notorious striker
with a half dozen unsavory colleagues
called at the Republican headquarters
and requested enough money to buy a
transparency, hire a hall and engage a
band of music. Having no credentials
they were promptly dismissed. As they
were leaving the Colonel said, "I think
that your association would do well in
supporting Mr. Coogan." A week after
Quay met the striker in front of the
Hoffman House, no longer shabby but
dressed like Berry Wall.

"Are you doing well?" he queried.
"Pretty fair," answered the striker.
"We seven fellows have started seven
different organizations for Coogan and
have got over a thousand planks out of
him for the lot. It would be a good
figure for our votes, if we weren't going
to throw them for you."

W. E. S. FALES.

AIDS TO THE UNLETTERED.

Queer Sign-Posts for Streets as Seen in
Merida, Yucatan.

Formerly all the streets in Merida were
distinguished in a manner peculiar to Yucatan,
by images of birds or beasts set up
at the corners, and many still retain the
ancient sign; for example, the street upon
which we are living is called La Calle del
Flamingo, because of a huge red flam-
ingo painted on the corner house.

Another is known as the street of the
Elephant, and the representation of it is
an exaggerated animal, with curved trunk
and a body as big as a barrel.

There is the street of the Old Woman,
and on its corner is the caricature of an
aged female, with huge spectacles and
her nose.

The street of the Two Faces has a
double-faced human head; and there are
others equally striking.

The reason for this kindergarten sort of
nomenclature was because when the
streets were named the great mass of in-
habitants were Indians who could not
read, and therefore printed signs would
have been no use to them, but the pic-
ture of a bull, a flamingo or an elephant
they could not mistake.

The Undertaker's Friend.

A man reading a newspaper in a car
on the elevated road was observed to
chuckle vociferously. Another man sit-
ting along-side of him remarked:
"You seem to be very much amused?"
"You bet I'm amused. I expect to
rake in several thousand dollars."

"Rich relative died and left you money?"
"Better than that. I have just read
that the Board of Health is going to tear
open the streets in my ward and lay
new sewer pipes during this warm
weather. That means typhoid fever and
I am an undertaker. I tell you, my
dear sir, I don't know what my poor
undertakers would do for a living if it
wasn't for that Board of Health."

A KIDNAPING WORK A SPECIALTY
at the GAZETTE OFFICE. The best
equipped office in the State.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SJACOBS OIL
FOR RHEUMATISM.

Suffered 40 Years and Cured.

"I have been a sufferer from rheumatism for 40 years, and have tried every remedy known to man, but have never found relief. I was advised to try SJACOBS OIL. I have used two bottles and I am now free from rheumatism, never walked so freely. My limbs that were once stiff and lame are now as light and supple as in my youth."

Crippled Cases Throw Away Crutches—
Cured Permanently.
Sold by Druggists and Dealers Everywhere.
THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO., Baltimore, Md.

LEGAL.

Assessment Notice.

THE WATER DITCH COMPANY.
Location of property, Reno, Washoe
county, Nevada; place of business, Reno,
Nevada. Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of
the Board of Trustees of the Orr Water
Ditch Company, held at a meeting of
December 1, 1889, an assessment, (No. 3) of
\$5.00 per share of the capital stock of the
company, payable immediately in gold
coin to the treasurer, the First National
Bank of Reno. Any stock upon which the
assessment shall remain unpaid on the

10th Day of January, 1890,
will be delinquent and advertised for sale
at public auction, and unless payment is
made before, will be sold by the secretary
at the office of the company, room 4, over
First National Bank, on the 8th day of Feb-
ruary, 1890, at 1 o'clock P. M. of that day,
to pay the delinquent assessment and ex-
penses of sale. By order of the Board of
Trustees, J. F. EVANS, Secretary.
Reno, December 10, 1889.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE ex-
isting between the undersigned, under
the firm name of Chamberlain & Thyes, is
this day dissolved by mutual consent, W. R.
Chamberlain retiring. The business will be
continued by H. J. Thyes, who will collect
all outstanding accounts and pay all liabil-
ities.
Dated Reno, Nevada, December 3, 1889.
W. R. CHAMBERLAIN.
dec3dp H. J. THYES.

Copartnership Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE
undersigned have this day associated
themselves together as copartners to transact
business in the town of Reno, under the firm
name and style of "Nevada Tea Company,"
GEORGE CUTTING,
E. J. ROTHEN,
Reno, Nov. 26, 1889. nov26 4w

OUR PREMIUMS

FOR 1889.

THE WEEKLY

Gazette and Stockman

WITH THE

San Francisco Weekly Call

AT THE LOW PRICE OF

\$2.50 Per Year

SUBSCRIBE NOW.

THE SAN FRANCISCO WEEKLY CALL

is a handsome eight-page paper. It is
issued every Thursday, and contains all of
the important news of the week, gleaned
from every quarter of the globe, complete up
to date of publication. It contains interesting
special correspondence from all of the prin-
cipal cities of the world and a vast amount
of the best selected and original general liter-
ature. It furnishes the latest and most re-
liable financial news and market quotations,
and gives special attention to horticultural
and agricultural news, and is in every respect
a first-class family paper, appealing to the
interest of every member of the household.
Every subscriber to the Weekly Call gets a

HANDSOME NEW MAP

Of California and Nevada,
Beautifully printed in colors, showing every
railroad, postoffice and towns in the State,
with tables of population, etc.

M. NATHAN,

The Pioneer Clothier.

Will shortly go to San Francisco

to lay in his

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

Look out for his announcement.

H. C. DAVIS,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

PLEASANT VALLEY COAL

Wood by Carload Lots.

ONE TON OF PLEASANT VALLEY COAL
equals 2 1/2 cords of common pine wood.
Three tons of Pleasant Valley Coal equals five
cords of Rocky Mountain Coal, by actual tests
made by reliable parties. Give it a trial.
For particulars inquire of
H. C. DAVIS.

GAZETTE CLUB RATES.

READ THE

GAZETTE CLUB RATES

For Clubbing Purposes the **WEEKLY
GAZETTE AND STOCKMAN** makes
the following offer:

Weekly Examiner and Weekly Gazette
and Stockman, per year,

\$3.25.

Weekly Bulletin and Weekly Gazette and
Stockman, per year,

\$3.00.

Daily Examiner and Weekly Gazette and
Stockman, per year,

\$7.00.

Daily Bulletin and Weekly Gazette and
Stockman, per year,

\$6.80.

Weekly Call and Weekly Gazette and
Stockman, per year,

\$2.50.